WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1.   A method of determining prognosis of prostate cancer from a patient, comprising the steps of:

establishing the threshold value of at least one prognostic gene selected from the group of

5   Table 1A, 1B and 1C,

determining the amount of said prognostic gene from a prostate tissue of a patient,

comparing the amount of said prognostic gene with the established threshold value of said prognostic gene, and

determining the prognostic outcome of the patient.

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2.   The method according to Claim 1, wherein said prognostic gene is trp-p8.

3.   The method according to Claim 1, wherein the amount of said prognostic gene is determined after amplification of said prognostic gene.

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4.   The method according to Claim 1, further comprising determining prostate-specific antigen.

5.   The method of Claim 1, wherein said prognosis is determined after a selected therapeutic

20   treatment.

6.   The method according to Claim 1, wherein said prognosis contributes to selection of a therapeutic strategy.

25   7.   The method according to Claim 1, wherein said prognosis contributes to selection of a therapeutic strategy.

8.   A method of determining prognosis of prostate cancer from a patient, comprising the steps of:

establishing the threshold value of at least one prognostic gene selected from the group of Table 2,

determining the amount of said prognostic gene from a prostate tissue of a patient,

comparing the amount of said prognostic gene with the established threshold value of

5   said prognostic gene, and

determining the prognostic outcome of the patient.